NEWSLETTER & CALENDAR OF EVENTS WINTER 2018



Museum Hours

Tuesday to Saturday 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sunday 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Christmas Eve 12 p.m. to 3 p.m. New Years Eve 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. Closed Mondays, Christmas Day, and New Years Day.

Admission

\$5.00 Adults, \$4.00 Senior Citizens
\$3.00 Students & Teenagers
\$2.00 Children 7 to 12 yrs.
Free for children under 7 yrs.
Friday is a Free day.
Members of the Lizzadro Museum and active members of the Armed Forces are admitted free of charge on any day the Museum is open to the public.



DuPage Foundation



Group Tours

Tours can be arranged for groups with special interests or needs. Reservations are necessary for guided tours.

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The Museum has facilities to provide access for physically disabled visitors.

Visit us and Shop online at: lizzadromuseum.org



Volunteer forms are available.











ExploreElmhurst.com

Phenomenon in Gems Remarkable optical illusions of colored gemstones

By Sakina Bharani

Phenomenon in gems displays unusual optical properties. These gems are rare. The optical phenomenon depends on different ways the light beam behaves when passing through a gemstone. The light beam can take the form of scattering, reflecting, refracting, diffracting, absorbing or transmitting light. There are many examples of gemstone phenomenon. Some, simple and subtle and others quite striking. Many of these phenomenal effects can be seen in the special exhibit Smithsonian Gems. Other phenomenal gems can be seen around the Museum. Next time you visit the Museum take a look to see if you can identify the various optical effects described in this article. Listed below are some of the popular phenomena seen in gemstones.



Asterism is observed in opaque gemstones where inclusions are naturally oriented in a starlike pattern with the rays of the star intersecting in the middle. There are four to six rays and rarely twelve. The inclusions are called Rutile Needles (Titanium Oxide). To appreciate the star effect properly the gem has to be

Star Sapphire

cut as cabochon. Popularly called star-gems, this effect is commonly observed in Corundum (Sapphire and Ruby) and occasionally in Quartz and Diopside.



Chrysoberyl Cats Eye

Chatoyancy: Popularly known as cat's eye gem, (chat in French means cat). Chatoyancy refers to a phenomenon akin to opening and shutting of cat's eye. These gems have a single sharp band (sometimes two or three bands) running across the domed cabochon surface. The Chrysoberyl cat's eye gem is very

specifically cut as cabochon to highlight chatoyancy. The rutile silk is aligned perpendicular to the crystal. So when light falls on it, the sharp band can be seen. In the best stones, the chatoyant Chrysoberyl cat's eye visually separates the surface into two halves creating milk and honey effect as the stone is moved under light. Other gems that can show cat's eye phenomenon are Tourmaline, Moonstone as well as Quartz.



Adularescence is named after "adularia", (Historical name for Moonstone). The effect is due to light interference caused by layered atomic structures within the stone. The gem displays a billowy floating light which appear to

Moonstone

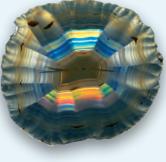
come from below the surface. The term Shiller or Schiller is sometimes used to describe this effect. As in other optical phenomenon, the size and distance from layer to layer influences the colors we see. The colors can be white, blue or rainbow hues. Adularescence appears in other gemstones as well notably, Opal, Rose Quartz and Chalcedony.



Aventurescence owes its beauty to structural features that diffract or scatter light; aventurescence is a consequence of reflection. When disk or plate like inclusions of another mineral

Sunstone

are present which are highly reflective, they act as tiny mirrors. The gem sparkles and glitters. This glitter effect is called aventurescence. The term Shiller is also used for this glowing effect. The most common reflectors are copper, hematite and mica. The term Aventurescence is derived from the word "a ventura" meaning "by chance". This effect is seen in Aventurine Quartz, Sunstone Feldspar and a man-made stone called Gold Stone.



Iris Agate

Iridescence is derived from the Greek word "iris" meaning rainbow. It is caused by diffraction of white light as it is passing through small openings such as pores and slits or when light passes through thin layers of different minerals with different refractory

indices. A prism effect causes light to separate into various spectral colors. Iridescence is the most common optical phenomenon and the most mesmerizing one. It can be easily appreciated in nature such as on the neck of the pigeon, soap bubble, wings of a butterfly or iridescent beetle. Gems with remarkable iridescence are thinly sliced Iris Agate, Fire Agate and Ammolite. Coating the surface of an ordinary gem with a chemical and heating can produce man-made iridescence.

The exhibit Smithsonian Gems was made possible through the City of Elmhurst's Explore Elmhurst Community Grant Program. Explore Elmhurst is a marketing campaign developed to further promote community events and activities in Elmhurst to the public.

"The Art of Jewelry Design" with Brenda Smith



Opal

Play of Color: Iridescence in precious opal is called "Play of Color". Opals are generally divided into precious and common, based on whether they

have Play of Color or not respectively. Play of Color is seen as shifting patches of spectral colors on a gem's surface and/or in its interior. This phenomenon is actually caused by a unique ultra structure of the Opal. The Opal is made of spheres of silica, which are arranged in closely stacked layers and have air or rarely liquid between them. These spaces with air or liquid cause diffraction and split light into various colors. Thus we get a shifting group of colors that flicker and move as we move the stone. The colors we see depend on the size and regularity of arrangements of the spheres. With larger spheres more red (more value) and with smaller spheres more blue is seen (less value). As with any gemstone, color preferences are subject to individual tastes.



Color Change: Some gemstones appear very different in daylight (natural light) and incandescent light. This phenomenon of "color change" is typically observed in a gem called Alexandrite and this effect is also called "Alexandrite

Alexandrite

Effect". The Alexandrite appears green in daylight and reddish purple in incandescent light. Other gems that display color change phenomenon occasionally are Sapphire, Spinel, Garnet and Tourmaline.

References:

Gemstones of the World, Schumann, W., Sterling Publishing Co., 2013.

Gemstones Symbols of Beauty & Power, Gubelin, E., Erni, F., Geoscience Press, Inc. 1999.

Gemological Institute of America (GIA) resources.

International Gem Society (IGS) resources.

Photos courtesy of the Smithsonian Geogallery.

Sakina Bharani is a gemologist and Museum docent. She has presented several lectures on gemstones. Her lecture on Phenomenal Gems will be held on February 24, at 2 p.m. at the Museum. After the lecture join a guided tour of the Smithsonian Gems exhibit. Reservations are recommended.





Brenda Smith is an artist, metal smith and award-winning designer currently residing in Atlanta, Georgia. Her work has been exhibited in many galleries and jewelry stores, including the Forbes Gallery and Faber Gallery in NYC, the Carnegie Museum of Natural History and the Smithsonian.

A former creative director with more than 25 years of advertising, design and design teaching experience, she

Brenda Smith

easily transitioned from graphic arts to innovative jewelry design. "Jewelry design is simply another form of art and design utilizing metals and gemstones as the medium." "I also enjoy teaching jewelry design since it is a win-win situation," she says. "It keeps me thinking creatively in a communicative way, be it verbally or visually."

Brenda's work is influenced by a myriad of thoughts, symbols and unique materials. She strives to create jewelry that fuses sculptural design with powerful symbols and inspirational messages. "I'm not interested in creating a variation of something that is done everyday. What's the point? They are sculptural, and have movement and concept. My designs are inside just waiting to emerge as wearable art with a story."

Awards and recognitions include AGTA Spectrum, International Pearl Design Competition sponsored by the Cultured Pearl Association of America, five times; Royal Asscher's Rebel Chique Diamond Design Competition; Palladium Alliance International Design Competition, two times, the Smithsonian Museum of Natural History acquisitions, Red Carpet for the Emmys, and Oscars.

She earned her BFA in design and her BA from Kent State University and her EMBA from Kennesaw State University. She is currently a member of AGTA, CPAA, GIA, SNAG, WJA, Georgia Goldsmith Group, The Southeastern Federation of Mineralogical Societies, Inc., is on the Advisory Board for the School of Visual Arts, Kennesaw State University, the Board of Directors for the Acworth Cultural Arts Center and on the board of Healing for the Nations.

Artist Statement

Brenda Smith's jewelry is a culmination of her life experiences to date. Travel, education and experiences have all contributed in molding the thought and creative processes, revealing themselves in the positive, conceptual, miniature sculptures that she creates in noble metals and gemstones to adorn others who connect with her esthetic. These timeless treasures may originate with a thought, word, experience, gemstone, shape, or a doodle. "Designing jewelry, for me, is a release of beautiful concepts and shapes that can be captured forever in this timeless medium. It is my passion. I can't imagine doing anything else."

Brenda Smith has two pieces on display in the Smithsonian Gems exhibit and will present "The Art of Jewelry Design" at the Museum on March 10, at 2 p.m. Reservations are recommended.

CALENDAR OF EVENTS WINTER 2018

Special Exhibit "Smithsonian Gems" Through March 31, 2018



"Southern Charm" Pearl earrings by Brenda Smith American jewelry designers and phenomenal gemstones are featured in this exclusive exhibit from the gem vaults of the Smithsonian National Museum of Natural History. Regular Museum hours & admission.

"Rock & Mineral Identification"

Geologist Sara Kurth presents an introduction to rocks and minerals. Learn to identify minerals through basic hands-on identification including observation skills and hardness tests. Great for rockhounds and scouts, adult supervision required. Email: educator@lizzadromuseum.org. Classes: Jan. 20, Feb. 17, Mar. 3 10:30 a.m. - 75 minutes Ages 8 yrs. to Adult Fee: \$5.00 per person, Museum Members: \$3.00 Reservations Required: (630) 833-1616

"Rockin' Jewelry for Kids"

Children can make their own gemstone jewelry to keep. Choose two different types of jewelry to make with stones from the Museum Shop and learn how to work with jeweler's tools. Completes Girl Scout Jewelers badge. Email: educator@lizzadromuseum.org. Classes: Jan. 20, Feb. 17, Mar. 3 1:30 p.m. - 75 minutes Ages 8 to 16 years Fee: \$10.00 per person Reservations Required: (630) 833-1616



LIZZADRO MUSEUM OF LAPIDARY ART

220 Cottage Hill Ave. Elmhurst, IL 60126 630-833-1616

JANUARY 6

"Dino Activity Day"

Drop-in at the Museum and learn more about fossils with hands-on activities! See and touch real fossils, put together 3-D puzzles of dinosaur bones, and make your very own fossil imprint to take home! Activities - Ages 5 to Adult 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. - On-going activities \$5.00 per person, Museum Members Free Drop-in - No Reservations Required

JANUARY 13

"Say Bones! Dinosaur BINGO"

Come play a fossil-filled version of the classic Bingo! Led by Ron Solberg, you'll learn about million-year old fossils such as trilobites and crinoids while playing the classic game. Geared for grades 3-5, adults are welcome to play too! Rock and fossil prizes will be awarded! Activity - 2:00 p.m. - 45 minutes Ages - 7 yrs. to adult Fee: \$5.00 per person, Museum Members: \$3.00 Reservations Required (630) 833-1616

JANUARY 27

"Dinosaur Discoveries" Children become dinosaur detectives with "Paleontologist Illinois Bones" to learn about the world of dinosaurs. Fossils and props are used to create an awareness of dinosaur characteristics. See live animals and how they are related to dinosaurs. Interactive Lecture - Ages 4 yrs. to Adult 2:00 p.m. - 50 minutes \$5.00 per person, Museum Members Free Reservations Recommended (630) 833-1616

FEBRUARY 10 "Olympic Rocks"

Geared for middle and high school students competing in Science Olympiad tournaments, this class delves into rocks and minerals. Hands on samples cover most of the S.O. specimen list. Topics include quick ID tips, Bowen's Reaction Series, and general rock information. Students can sign up as a team or as an individual. Bring your questions to this informal practice session! Activity - 75 minutes - 10:30 a.m. Ages 10 to 18 yrs. Fee: \$5.00 per person, Museum Members \$3.00 Reservations Required: (630) 833-1616



FEBRUARY 24 "Phenomenon In Gems"

Explore the remarkable optical illusions of colored gems. Sakina Bharani, Gemologist & Museum Docent discusses the different light effects in gems that create beautiful and rare phenomena such as stars, cats eyes, adularescence, aventurescence and many more. After the lecture join a guided tour of the Smithsonian Gems exhibit to see phenomenal gems! Lecture - Youth to Adult - 2:00 p.m. - 60 minutes Regular Museum admission, Museum Members Free Reservations Recommended

March 10

"The Art of Jewelry Design"

Professional, award winning jewelry designer, Brenda Smith presents her motivation to create wearable art. Her creative process includes noble metals and gemstones to adorn others. Discover her inspiration and choice of materials for expression. See two of Brenda Smith's pieces in the Smithsonian Gems exhibit. Lecture - Youth to Adult -2:00 p.m. - 60 minutes \$10.00 per person, Museum Members Free Reservations Recommended



MARCH 24 "Mazon Creek Fossil Collecting Field Trip"

Join us on a trip to Braidwood, Illinois to collect Mazon Creek fossils at selected sites within the historic coal strip mining area (conditions permitting). Learn what to look for when collecting these special fossils and how to open them. Travel by motor coach, bring a sack lunch and get ready to collect. Make reservations early, this field trip fills up fast! *Field Trip -* 8 yrs. to Adult 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

\$35.00 per person, Museum Members \$30.00 Reservations Required: (630) 833-1616

At this time, there is no available space on this trip. More field trips will be available this summer. Please keep an eye on the website or sign up for the newsletter.

We would like to hear from you. Please direct questions or comments to: info@lizzadromuseum.org